

## Maximizing local violations of the second law with a single-electron transistor driven far from equilibrium

O. Maillet<sup>a</sup>, P.A. Erdman<sup>b</sup>, V. Cavina<sup>b</sup>, B. Bhandari<sup>b</sup>, V. Cavina<sup>b</sup>, E.T. Mannila<sup>a</sup>, J.T. Peltonen<sup>a</sup>, A. Mari<sup>b</sup>, F. Taddei<sup>b</sup>, C. Jarzynski<sup>c</sup>, V. Giovannetti<sup>b</sup>, and J.P. Pekola<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup>QTF Centre of Excellence, Department of Applied Physics, Aalto University, 00076 Aalto, Finland

<sup>b</sup>NEST, Scuola Normale Superiore and Istituto Nanoscienze-CNR, I-56127 Pisa, Italy

<sup>c</sup>University of Maryland, College Park, Maryland, 20742, USA

We experimentally realize protocols that allow to extract work beyond the free energy difference from a single electron transistor at the single thermodynamic trajectory level. With two carefully designed out-of-equilibrium driving cycles featuring kicks of the control parameter, we demonstrate work extraction up to large fractions of  $k_B T$  or with probabilities substantially greater than  $1/2$ , despite zero free energy difference over the cycle<sup>1</sup>. Our results are explained in the framework of nonequilibrium fluctuation relations<sup>2</sup>. We thus show that irreversibility can be used as a resource for optimal work extraction even in the absence of feedback from an external operator.

<sup>1</sup>O. Maillet *et al.*, *Optimal probabilistic work extraction beyond the free energy difference with a single-electron device*, arXiv:1810.06274, under review.

<sup>2</sup>C. Jarzynski, *Nonequilibrium equality for free energy differences*, Physical Review Letters **78** (14), 2690.